

Esercizi di consolidamento

Stabilisci per quali valori delle lettere le seguenti frazioni algebriche hanno significato.

1

esercizio guidato

a. $\frac{3x - y}{2x^2y}$

La frazione ha significato se il denominatore è diverso da zero e ciò accade se $x \neq 0$ e $y \neq 0$.

b. $\frac{x - 3a}{x^2 - x}$

Scomponiamo il denominatore: $\frac{x - 3a}{x(x - 1)}$

La frazione ha significato quando nessuno dei fattori al denominatore è zero, quindi se $x \neq 0$ e $x \neq 1$.

2

a. $\frac{3x + 1}{x}$

b. $\frac{a + 4}{3a}$

[a. $x \neq 0$; b. $a \neq 0$]

3

a. $\frac{2a + b}{a - 1}$

b. $\frac{x^2 - y}{x^2 + x}$

[a. $a \neq 1$; b. $x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq -1$]

4

a. $\frac{x^2 + 1}{2x - 4}$

b. $\frac{3a - b}{a^2 - 4b^2}$

[a. $x \neq 2$; b. $a \neq \pm 2b$]

Semplifica le seguenti frazioni.

5

esercizio guidato

$$\frac{4x^5y^2}{3x^3y^5}$$

Per semplificare questa frazione, che è il rapporto fra due monomi interi, basta applicare le proprietà delle potenze:

$$\frac{4x^5y^2}{3x^3y^5} = \frac{4x^2}{3y^3}$$

6

$\frac{3a^3x^2z}{9az^2}$

$\frac{8x^6}{4x^5}$

$\frac{2b^6y^4}{12b^6y}$

$\left[\frac{a^2x^2}{3z}; 2x; \frac{y^3}{6} \right]$

7

$\frac{12a^7b^9c^{15}}{24b^8c^{11}}$

$\frac{8b^4ac^3}{-24b^5c^5}$

$\frac{2x^{18}y^{16}}{4x^{10}y^4}$

$\left[\frac{a^7bc^4}{2}; -\frac{a}{3bc^2}; \frac{x^8y^{12}}{2} \right]$

8

esercizio guidato

$$\frac{3x + 15}{x^2 - 25}$$

Scomponiamo in fattori i polinomi al numeratore e al denominatore $\frac{3x + 15}{x^2 - 25} = \frac{3(x + 5)}{(x + 5)(x - 5)}$

Semplifichiamo la frazione applicando la proprietà invariantiva: $\frac{3(x + 5)}{(x + 5)(x - 5)} = \frac{3}{x - 5}$

- 9** $\frac{3a^2y - 6ay^2}{4a^2y - 2a^3};$ $\frac{x^2y^3z^2}{x^2 + y^3 + z^2}$ $\left[-\frac{3y}{2a}; \text{irriducibile} \right]$
- 10** $\frac{2 - 2y - y^2 + y^3}{1 - y + 3y^2 - 3y^3};$ $\frac{a^3 - 8 - 6a^2 + 12a}{a^3 - 8}$ $\left[\frac{2 - y^2}{1 + 3y^2}; \frac{(a - 2)^2}{a^2 + 2a + 4} \right]$
- 11** $\frac{a^3 - a^2 + 3a^2(a - 1)}{16a^2 + 16 - 32a};$ $\frac{7z^2 - 28}{2z^2 + 8 + 8z}$ $\left[\frac{a^2}{4(a - 1)}; \frac{7(z - 2)}{2(z + 2)} \right]$
- 12** $\frac{100 - 81t^2}{-300t - 243t^3 + 540t^2};$ $\frac{25 - 9x^2}{25 + 9x^2 + 30x}$ $\left[\frac{10 + 9t}{3t(9t - 10)}; \frac{5 - 3x}{5 + 3x} \right]$
- 13** $\frac{(3x - 1)^2 - (x - 3)^2}{x^3 - x^2 + 4x - 4};$ $\frac{24x^2 - 6}{8x^2 - 8x + 2}$ $\left[\frac{8(x + 1)}{x^2 + 4}; \frac{3(2x + 1)}{2x - 1} \right]$
- 14** $\frac{y^3 - 3ay^2 + 3a^2y - a^3}{y^3 - a^3};$ $\frac{a^2 + 2a + 1}{4a^2 + 28a + 24}$ $\left[\frac{(y - a)^2}{y^2 + ay + a^2}; \frac{a + 1}{4(a + 6)} \right]$
- 15** $\frac{ax^2 - 4a}{6x^2 + 24x + 24};$ $\frac{x^6 + x^3y^4}{x^6 - y^8}$ $\left[\frac{a(x - 2)}{6(x + 2)}; \frac{x^3}{x^3 - y^4} \right]$
- 16** $\frac{x^2 + 9 + 6x}{-2x^2 + 6x + 36};$ $\frac{x^2 + 1 + 4y^2 - 2x + 4xy - 4y}{x^2 + 4y^2 + 4xy - 1}$ $\left[\frac{x + 3}{2(6 - x)}; \frac{x - 1 + 2y}{x + 2y + 1} \right]$
- 17** $\frac{3a^3 - a + 1 - 3a^2}{9a^4 - 1};$ $\frac{x^2 - 2xy - 15y^2}{x^2 - 8xy + 15y^2}$ $\left[\frac{a - 1}{3a^2 + 1}; \frac{x + 3y}{x - 3y} \right]$
- 18** $\frac{2a - 4}{4a^3 - 32 - 24a^2 + 48a};$ $\frac{z^3 + 3z^2 - 4z - 12}{3z^2 + 15z + 18}$ $\left[\frac{1}{2(a - 2)^2}; \frac{z - 2}{3} \right]$
- 19** $\frac{(2a + 6b)^3 - 8a^3}{72ab};$ $\frac{27 - x^3}{x^2 - 9}$ $\left[\frac{a^2 + 3ab + 3b^2}{a}; -\frac{x^2 + 3x + 9}{x + 3} \right]$
- 20** $\frac{x^2 + x - 2}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$ $\frac{ax^2 - a}{a^2x - a^2}$ $\left[\frac{x - 1}{x + 1}; \frac{x + 1}{a} \right]$
- 21** $\frac{3x^3 - 3y^{12}}{9(x^2 + xy^4 + y^8)}$ $\frac{a^2x^6 + a^2x^3 - 6a^2}{ax^6 - ax^3 - 2a}$ $\left[\frac{x - y^4}{3}; \frac{a(x^3 + 3)}{x^3 + 1} \right]$

Riduci allo stesso denominatore i seguenti gruppi di frazioni.

22 esercizio guidato

$$\frac{2x}{3x^2 - 3y^2} \quad \frac{x + y}{x - y} \quad \frac{3y}{x^2 - xy}$$

Scomponiamo i denominatori delle tre frazioni:

$$\frac{2x}{3(x - y)(x + y)} \quad \frac{x + y}{x - y} \quad \frac{3y}{x(x - y)}$$

Nessuna delle frazioni può essere semplificata; calcoliamo dunque il *m.c.m.* fra i denominatori:
 $3x(x - y)(x + y)$

Le frazioni date sono dunque equivalenti a:

$$\frac{2x^2}{3x(x - y)(x + y)} \quad \frac{3x(x + y)^2}{3x(x - y)(x + y)} \quad \frac{9y(x + y)}{3x(x - y)(x + y)}$$

- 23** $\frac{2}{x^2} - \frac{5}{3y^3}$ $\frac{3}{6xy^2}$ $\left[\frac{12y^3}{6x^2y^3}; -\frac{10x^2}{6x^2y^3}; \frac{3xy}{6x^2y^3} \right]$
- 24** $\frac{2a-2b}{6(a+b)}$ $\frac{3a}{9a^2+9b^2+18ab}$ $\frac{5b}{10a+10b}$ $\left[\frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{6(a+b)^2}; \frac{2a}{6(a+b)^2}; \frac{3b(a+b)}{6(a+b)^2} \right]$
- (Suggerimento: semplifica prima le frazioni quando è possibile)
- 25** $\frac{3-2x}{-2x^2+5x-3}$ $\frac{5x-10}{x^2-x-2}$ $\frac{x^2+x-6}{x^2+4x+3}$ $\left[\frac{x+1}{x^2-1}, \frac{5(x-1)}{x^2-1}, \frac{(x-2)(x-1)}{x^2-1} \right]$
- 26** $\frac{a^2-b^2}{a^2-ab+3a-3b}$ $\frac{3a}{a-2}$ $\frac{2a+4}{3a^2-12}$ $\left[\frac{3(a-2)(a+b)}{3(a-2)(a+3)}, \frac{9a(a+3)}{3(a-2)(a+3)}, \frac{2(a+3)}{3(a-2)(a+3)} \right]$
- 27** $\frac{3+2a}{4a^2+9+12a}$ $\frac{5a}{10a+15}$ $\frac{-7a^2}{4a^2-9}$ $\left[\frac{2a-3}{(2a-3)(2a+3)}, \frac{a(2a-3)}{(2a-3)(2a+3)}, \frac{-7a^2}{(2a-3)(2a+3)} \right]$
- 28** $\frac{x-2}{-6x+6y}$ $\frac{y+1}{x^2-y^2}$ $\frac{2}{3x+3y}$ $\left[\frac{(2-x)(x+y)}{6(x^2-y^2)}, \frac{6(y+1)}{6(x^2-y^2)}, \frac{4(x-y)}{6(x^2-y^2)} \right]$
- 29** $\frac{2-3x}{9x^2+4-12x}$ $\frac{4y}{24x-16}$ $\frac{-3x^2}{9x^2-4}$ $\left[\frac{2(2+3x)}{2(4-9x^2)}, \frac{-y(2+3x)}{2(4-9x^2)}, \frac{6x^2}{2(4-9x^2)} \right]$
- 30** $\frac{a^2+b^2}{a^3-b^3}$ $\frac{3a}{a^2+ab+b^2}$ $\frac{2a+2b}{a^2-b^2}$ $\left[\frac{a^2+b^2}{a^3-b^3}, \frac{3a(a-b)}{a^3-b^3}, \frac{2(a^2+ab+b^2)}{a^3-b^3} \right]$
- 31** $\frac{2-3a}{9a^2-12a+4}$ $\frac{4b}{24a-16}$ $\frac{9a^2}{9a^2-4}$ $\left[\frac{-2(3a+2)}{2(9a^2-4)}, \frac{b(3a+2)}{2(9a^2-4)}, \frac{18a^2}{2(9a^2-4)} \right]$
- 32** $\frac{a^2+1}{x^3+6x^2+12x+8}$ $\frac{a^2-3a}{ax-3x+2a-6}$ $\frac{2a^3}{2x^2+8x+8}$ $\left[\frac{a^2+1}{(x+2)^3}, \frac{a(x+2)^2}{(x+2)^3}, \frac{a^3(x+2)}{(x+2)^3} \right]$
- 33** $\frac{5x-10y}{3x^2-3xy-6y^2}$ $\frac{5x^2-5xy+5y^2}{x^3+y^3}$ $x-y$ $\left[\frac{5}{3(x+y)}, \frac{15}{3(x+y)}, \frac{3x^2-3y^2}{3(x+y)} \right]$

Esegui le addizioni e le sottrazioni fra le seguenti frazioni algebriche.

34 esercizio guidato

$$\frac{10}{x-2} + \frac{x+2}{x} + \frac{2}{3x^2-x}$$

Scomponiamo il denominatore della terza frazione: $\frac{10}{x-2} + \frac{x+2}{x} + \frac{2}{x(3x-1)}$

Il m.c.m. fra i denominatori è $x(x-2)(3x-1)$

La somma è quindi: $\frac{10x(3x-1) + (x+2)(x-2)(3x-1) + 2(x-2)}{x(x-2)(3x-1)}$

Sviluppando i calcoli al numeratore otteniamo: $\frac{3x^3 + 29x^2 - 20x}{x(x-2)(3x-1)}$

Scomponiamo adesso il numeratore e semplifichiamo la frazione:

$$\frac{x(3x^2 + 29x - 20)}{x(x-2)(3x-1)} = \frac{3x^2 + 29x - 20}{3x^2 - 7x + 2}$$

- 35** $\frac{y}{2y-3} - 3;$ $1 - \frac{x+a}{x-a}$ $\left[\frac{9-5y}{2y-3}; \frac{2a}{a-x} \right]$
- 36** $\frac{1}{z-3} + \frac{4}{5z-15};$ $\frac{3}{ab} - \frac{2}{ab-1}$ $\left[\frac{9}{5(z-3)}; \frac{ab-3}{ab(ab-1)} \right]$
- 37** $\frac{3}{7a+7} - \frac{a-5}{14a+14};$ $\frac{a}{x+1} + \frac{a+b}{x^2-1} - \frac{b}{x-1}$ $\left[\frac{11-a}{14(a+1)}; \frac{x(a-b)}{(x^2-1)} \right]$
- 38** $2 - \frac{a+3b}{a-3b} - \frac{a-3b}{a+3b}$ $\left[\frac{-36b^2}{a^2-9b^2} \right]$
- 39** $\frac{3a-x}{3x+9a} + \frac{x-a}{5x+15a} + \frac{2}{15}$ $\left[\frac{6a}{5(x+3a)} \right]$
- 40** $\frac{4a^2}{a^3-a} - \frac{1}{3a+3} + \frac{4}{1-a}$ $\left[\frac{a+11}{3(1-a^2)} \right]$
- 41** $-\frac{7}{x+3y} - \left(\frac{42y}{x^2-9y^2} - \frac{7}{x-3y} \right)$ [0]
- 42** $\frac{y+z}{(x-y)(x-z)} + \frac{x+z}{(x-y)(y-z)} - \frac{x+y}{(x-z)(y-z)}$ $\left[\frac{2(y+z)}{(x-y)(x-z)} \right]$
- 43** $\frac{2x(x+1)}{x^3-8} + \frac{x^2}{2x^2+4x+8} - \frac{x}{4-2x}$ $\left[\frac{x}{x-2} \right]$
- 44** $\frac{x^2-1}{x^2-2x+1} + \frac{1-x^2}{x^2+2x+1} - \frac{4x^2}{x^2-1}$ $\left[-\frac{4x}{x+1} \right]$
- 45** $\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{x^3-8-6x^2+12x}{4x^2+16+16x} - \frac{3x^2-1}{x^2+4+4x}$ $\left[\frac{5}{(x+2)^2} \right]$
- 46** $\frac{a^3-y^3}{a^3+3ay^2-3a^2y-y^3} + \frac{ay}{a^2-2ay+y^2} + \frac{a+y}{y-a}$ $\left[\frac{2y(a+y)}{(a-y)^2} \right]$
- 47** $\left(\frac{3x-2}{x^2-4x+3} - \frac{1-x}{x^2+x-2} \right) - \left[\frac{5x-4}{-x^2+4x-3} + \frac{8x^2+7x-3}{(x^2-4x+3)(x+2)} \right]$ $\left[\frac{1}{x-1} \right]$
- 48** $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2(x-1)}{1+x} - \left[\frac{x}{x^2-1} - \frac{2x+1}{x^3-x} - \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^2-2x+1} + \frac{3\left(x^3-\frac{5}{3}\right)-5x(x-3)}{x^3-x^2-x+1} \right]$ $\left[\frac{2}{(x+1)} \right]$
- 49** $\frac{a^2-1}{a+b} + \frac{a-1}{a^2-2ab-3b^2} - \left[\frac{a+1}{a^2-9b^2} + \frac{2ab-2a-4b}{(a^2-9b^2)(a+b)} \right]$ $\left[\frac{a^2-1}{a+b} \right]$
- 50** $\frac{a^2}{a-b} + \frac{b+2}{a+b+1} - \left[\frac{2a-3b-2b^2}{a(a+1)-b(b+1)} + \frac{b}{a-b} \right]$ $\left[\frac{a^2}{a-b} \right]$
- 51** $\frac{x}{x+1} + \frac{1}{3x-2} - \left(1 + \frac{3}{3x^2+x-2} \right)$ $\left[\frac{-2x}{(x+1)(3x-2)} \right]$
- 52** $\frac{a(x+2y)}{x^2+2yx+y^2} - \left(\frac{ax^2+3ay^2+4axy}{(x+y)^3} - \frac{a^2}{ax+ay} \right) + \frac{ay}{(x+y)^2}$ $\left[\frac{a}{x+y} \right]$
- 53** $\frac{x^2-4a^2}{x^2+4ax+4a^2} - \left[\frac{ax+a^2-1}{a(x+a)} - \left(\frac{4a^2-1}{ax+2a^2} - \frac{1}{x^2+3ax+2a^2} \right) \right]$ [0]

54 $\frac{x}{x+2} - \left[\frac{a+2}{x^2 + 2x - ax - 2a} - \left(\frac{1}{x-a} - 2 \right) \right]$ $\left[-\frac{x+3}{x+2} \right]$

55 $\frac{ax^2}{x^2 + 2yx + y^2} + \frac{1 + axy^2}{(x+y)^3} - \left(\frac{ax}{x+y} - \frac{axy}{x^2 + 2xy + y^2} \right)$ $\left[\frac{1 + axy^2}{(x+y)^3} \right]$

56 $\frac{2x-1}{ax-1} + \left[\frac{x}{ax-2} - \left(\frac{2-2x-ax}{a^2x^2 - 3ax + 2} + \frac{2x^2}{ax^2 - 2x} \right) \right]$ $\left[\frac{x}{ax-2} \right]$

57 $\frac{x}{x^2 + 2xy + y^2} - \left[\frac{x^2 - y^2}{(x+y)^3} - \left(\frac{y}{xy + y^2} - \frac{2y}{x^2 + 2xy + y^2} \right) \right]$ $\left[\frac{x}{(x+y)^2} \right]$

Esegui le seguenti moltiplicazioni fra frazioni algebriche e calcola il valore delle espressioni.

58 **esercizio guidato**

$$\frac{x^2 + x - 2}{3x + 9} \cdot \frac{2x + 6}{4x - 4}$$

Scomponiamo i polinomi delle due frazioni: $\frac{(x+2)(x-1)}{3(x+3)} \cdot \frac{2(x+3)}{4(x-1)}$

Semplifichiamo: $\frac{(x+2)(x-1)}{3(x+3)} \cdot \frac{2(x+3)}{4(x-1)}$

Moltiplichiamo i numeratori e i denominatori rimasti: $\frac{x+2}{6}$

59 $\frac{a^2b^3}{x^3z^3} \cdot \frac{x^2z^2}{a^2b^2}; \quad \frac{3bc^2}{7a} \cdot \frac{14a^2}{6b^2c}$ $\left[\frac{b}{xz}; \frac{ac}{b} \right]$

60 $\frac{4a^2}{b^3c^2} \left(-\frac{b^2c}{a^2} \right) \left(-\frac{1}{2}ac \right); \quad \left(-\frac{y^3}{16} \right) \cdot \frac{8a^4x^2}{y} \cdot \frac{4x}{a^3y^2}$ $\left[\frac{2a}{b}; -2ax^3 \right]$

61 $\frac{1}{12a^2} \left(-\frac{7a^2b^2}{5} \right) \left(-\frac{60a^3}{b^3} \right); \quad \frac{2x-4}{x} \cdot \frac{3x^3}{x^2-4} \cdot \frac{x+2}{9}$ $\left[\frac{7a^3}{b}; \frac{2}{3}x^2 \right]$

62 $\frac{ax+a-x-1}{ax-a-2x+2} \cdot \frac{ax-2a-2x+4}{x^2-x-2}$ $\left[\frac{a-1}{x-1} \right]$

63 $\frac{9}{3x-12} \cdot \frac{x^2-16}{3x^2+48+24x}$ $\left[\frac{1}{x+4} \right]$

64 $\frac{2y^2-18}{b-4} \cdot \frac{b^2-8b+16}{2y-6}$ $[(b-4)(y+3)]$

65 $\frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{y-x} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2+xy}$ $\left[-\frac{x}{x^2+y^2} \right]$

66 $\frac{x^4-81}{x^3+27+9x^2+27x} \cdot \frac{x^2+x-6}{27+3x^2} \cdot \frac{6x+18}{2x^2-8}$ $\left[\frac{x-3}{x+2} \right]$

67 $\frac{a^2-3ab+2b^2}{a^3+4a^2b+4ab^2} \cdot \frac{ab+2b^2}{9a^2b-36ab^2+36b^3} \cdot \frac{3a^3-12ab^2}{2b-2a}$ $\left[-\frac{1}{6} \right]$

68 $\frac{4a^2 - 16}{a^3 - 8} \cdot \frac{a^2x + 4x + 2ax - 4 - 2a - a^2}{3x - 2 - x^2} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{2a + 4}$ [2(3 - x)]

69 $\frac{x^2 - 4}{x} \cdot \frac{x^2 - x}{2x^2 - 2} \cdot \left(-\frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + 4x + 4} \right)$ $\left[-\frac{(x-2)^2}{2(x+2)} \right]$

70 $\frac{x + x^3}{3ay^2} \cdot \frac{2x - 4}{x^4} \cdot \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2}x + 3}{ax^2 + a} \right) \cdot \frac{a^2x}{2 - x}$ $\left[\frac{x+2}{x^2y^2} \right]$

71 $\frac{a^2b^2 + 3ab + 2}{ab^3} \cdot \left(-\frac{a^2(ab+2)}{a^2b^2 - 2ab - 3} \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{b^3}{a^3b^2 + 4a^2b + 4a} \right)$ $\left[\frac{1}{ab-3} \right]$

72 $\frac{a^5 - 8a^3b^2 + 16ab^4}{9bx^4} \cdot \left(-\frac{15x^3y}{a^2bc^2 - 4b^3c^2} \right) \cdot \frac{3b^2c^2}{5ay} \cdot \frac{x}{2a + 4b}$ $\left[\frac{2b-a}{2} \right]$

73 $\left(\frac{1}{x-2} + 1 \right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{x-1} \right)$ [1]

(Suggerimento: esegui prima le operazioni dentro le parentesi tonde e poi moltiplica)

74 $\frac{3-a}{a^2-2a-3} \left(\frac{a^2-2a}{a-3} + \frac{3}{3-a} \right)$ [-1]

75 $\frac{1-4x^2}{4x+18} \left(\frac{4}{2x+1} - \frac{5}{2x-1} \right)$ $\left[\frac{1}{2} \right]$

76 $\left(\frac{3a}{a^2-4a+3} + \frac{4}{1-a} \right) \left(\frac{a-6}{12-a} + \frac{1}{3} \right)$ $\left[\frac{2}{3(a-1)} \right]$

77 $\left(\frac{1}{a-1} - \frac{1}{a^2-1} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1+a}{1-a} - \frac{1-a}{a+1} \right) \cdot \left(a-2 + \frac{1}{a} \right)$ $\left[-\frac{4a}{(a+1)^2} \right]$

78 $\frac{1}{y-4} \left(\frac{1}{y-4} + \frac{y}{4-y^2} \right) \left(-\frac{2-y}{4} + \frac{5-2y}{y+2} \right) \left(y+4 + \frac{4}{y} \right)$ $\left[\frac{y-1}{y^2-2y} \right]$

Semplifica le seguenti espressioni nelle quali compaiono potenze di frazioni algebriche.

79 $\left(\frac{a^2b - ab^2}{a+b} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{ab - b^2}{a+b} \right)^{-3}; \quad \left(\frac{x-3}{x+3} \right)^2 \left(\frac{x^2 - 9}{x+3} \right)^{-2}$ $\left[\frac{a^2(a+b)}{b(a-b)}, \frac{1}{(x+3)^2} \right]$

80 $\left(\frac{5x+10}{x-2} \right)^3 \left(\frac{15x+30}{3x-6} \right)^4; \quad \left(\frac{x-3y}{x+y} \right)^3 \left(\frac{x^2 - 9y^2}{x^2 + 4xy + 3y^2} \right)^2$ $\left[\frac{5^7(x+2)^7}{(x-2)^7}, \frac{(x-3y)^5}{(x+y)^5} \right]$

81 $\frac{4y^4}{4y^2 - 1} \cdot \left(\frac{3y-1}{y} \right)^2 \left(4 - \frac{1}{y^2} \right)$ $[4(3y-1)^2]$

82 $\left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{x+1} \right)^{-2} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1} \cdot \left[\frac{(x-1)^2}{x^4 - 1} \right]^{-1}$ $\left[\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1} \right)^2 \right]$

83 $\left(\frac{a+b}{a-2b} - 1 \right)^2 \left(a - \frac{4b^2}{a} \right)^2 \left(\frac{a-2b}{a+2b} + 1 \right)^2$ [36b²]

84 $\left(\frac{y^2 - 2y + 4}{y^3} - \frac{1}{y+2} \right)^3 \left(\frac{14 - 9y}{4 - y^2} + \frac{1}{2 - y} \right)^2$ $\left[\frac{1}{y^9} \left(\frac{8}{2+y} \right)^5 \right]$

Esegui le seguenti divisioni fra frazioni algebriche e calcola il valore delle espressioni.

85

esercizio guidato

$$\frac{6x^2 + 3x - 9}{x^2 + ax - 2a^2} : \frac{6ax - 6x - 6a + 6x^2}{x^2 + 3ax + 2a^2}$$

Scomponiamo i polinomi che compongono le due frazioni e contemporaneamente trasformiamo la divisione in una moltiplicazione:

$$\frac{\cancel{3}(x-1)(2x+3)}{(x-a)(x+2a)} \cdot \frac{(x+2a)(x+a)}{\cancel{6}(x-1)(x+a)} = \frac{2x+3}{2(x-a)}$$

86 $\frac{x^3y^2}{2x} : \frac{xy^3}{4x^2}; \quad -\frac{1}{3}x^5y^3 : \frac{x^4y^4}{9}$ $\left[\frac{2x^3}{y}; -\frac{3x}{y} \right]$

87 $-\frac{32x^5y^3}{25z^2} : \left(-\frac{64x^3y^3}{15z^4} \right); \quad 1 : \left(-\frac{3ab}{x^3} \right)^2$ $\left[\frac{3}{10}z^2x^2; \frac{x^6}{9a^2b^2} \right]$

88 $\frac{4y}{x+y} : \frac{3y^2}{2x+2y}; \quad \frac{a-2b}{9b^2} : \frac{6b-3a}{27b}$ $\left[\frac{8}{3y}; -\frac{1}{b} \right]$

89 $\frac{7ab}{a+b} : \frac{21a}{3a+3b}; \quad -\frac{5x^2}{x+2y} : \frac{3x}{3x+6y}$ $[b; -5x]$

90 $\frac{x^2+5}{3xy} : \frac{2x^2+10}{x}; \quad \frac{a+b}{3} : \frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{9a}$ $\left[\frac{1}{6y}; \frac{3a}{a+b} \right]$

91 $\frac{8x^3-1}{7x-3-2x^2} : \frac{(2x+1)^2-2x}{9-x^2}$ $[x+3]$

92 $\frac{(3y-a)2x^2-9yz^2+3az^2}{4x^2-6z^2} : \frac{9y^2+a^2-6ay}{8}$ $\left[\frac{4}{3y-a} \right]$

93 $\frac{x^2+2x-15}{x^2+7x+10} : \frac{3x(x-2)+12}{x^3+8}$ $\left[\frac{x-3}{3} \right]$

94 $\left(\frac{x^2-3x-4}{x^2-8x+16} : \frac{2x^2+4x+2}{3x-12} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2-x-2}{4x+x^2+3} : \frac{18x}{6x+18} \right)$ $\left[\frac{x-2}{2x^2+2x} \right]$

95 $\frac{a-2b}{a+2b} : \frac{a}{a^2-4b^2} \cdot \frac{a-2b}{a^3-6a^2b+12ab^2-8b^3}$ $\left[\frac{1}{a} \right]$

96 $\frac{3x+9}{x^2+2x-3} : \frac{x^2-9x+8}{x^2+1-2x} : \left(\frac{3x+6}{x-8} \right)^2$ $\left[\frac{x-8}{3(x+2)^2} \right]$

97 $\frac{9y^2-81}{4y^3-196y} : \frac{3y+9}{2y^2-14y} : \left(-\frac{3y-9}{2y+14} \right)$ $[-1]$

98 $\frac{a^2-3a}{a^2+3a} : \left(\frac{2a-1}{12a^2-3} \cdot \frac{6a^2+3a}{a+3} \right)$ $\left[\frac{a-3}{a} \right]$

99 $\frac{7a+7x}{3a-3x} : \frac{14a+14x}{9x^2-9a^2} \left(\frac{3a^2-9a+3ax-9x}{a^2-4a+3} \right)^{-1}$ $\left[\frac{1-a}{2} \right]$

100 $\frac{y^3+9y-6y^2}{y^3-27} : \left(\frac{xy-3x+y-3}{xy-2x+y-2} : \frac{xy^2+3xy+9x+y^2+3y+9}{y^3-4y^2+4y} \right)$ $\left[\frac{x+1}{y-2} \right]$

- 101** $\frac{xy - 4y - 2x + 8}{xy - 3y - 2x + 6} \cdot \frac{4 - y^2}{x^2 - 7x + 12} : \frac{xy + 2x}{x^2 - 6x + 9}$ $\left[\frac{2-y}{x} \right]$
- 102** $\left(\frac{9x^2 - 24x + 16 - 4y^2}{3x^2 - x - 4 - 2yx - 2y} : \frac{6x - 8 + 4y}{x^2 - 1} \right) : \left(\frac{1}{x} - 1 \right)$ $\left[-\frac{1}{2}x \right]$
- 103** $\frac{5a^2 - 1 - 4a^4}{2a^2 + 3a - 2} : \left(\frac{2a^3 + a^2 - 2a - 1}{1 - a} \cdot \frac{a^2 - 1}{a + 2} \right)$ $\left[\frac{1}{a+1} \right]$
- 104** $\left(\frac{3x^2 + 4x + 1}{2x^2 - 2} : \frac{3x^2 + 4x + 1}{x + 1} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{x} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2} \right)$ $\left[\frac{x}{2(x-3)} \right]$
- 105** $\frac{x^3 - 3x - 2}{x^3 - x^2 - 2x} : \left(\frac{4x^2 + 3x - 1}{ax^2 + ax} \cdot \frac{a^2}{4x - 1} \right)$ $\left[\frac{x+1}{a} \right]$

Semplifica le seguenti espressioni.

- 106** $\frac{1}{x-3} \left(x + \frac{1}{x-3} \right) - \frac{1}{x-2} \left(x - \frac{1}{2-x} \right) - \frac{x^2(x-6) + 13x - 11}{(x^2 - 5x + 6)^2}$ $\left[\frac{1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} \right]$
- 107** $\left\{ \left[- \left(\frac{x}{y^2 - x^2} + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \right) : \frac{2x}{x^3 - x^2y + xy^2 - y^3} - \frac{x^2}{x+y} \right] - \frac{y^2}{x+y} \right\} : \frac{x^2}{x+y}$ [-1]
- 108** $\frac{2}{3}b + \frac{a^6 - b^6}{3a - 3b} : \frac{a^4 - b^4}{2a^2 + 2b^2} \cdot \frac{(b-a)^2}{(a^2 + b^2)^2 - a^2b^2}$ $\left[\frac{2}{3}a \right]$
- 109** $\left[\left(\frac{ab+5}{ab+1} - 1 \right) : (ab) - \left(\frac{1}{ab-1} - \frac{1}{ab} \right) - \frac{2}{1 - a^2b^2} \right] \left(\frac{10}{ab} \right)^{-1}$ $\left[\frac{1}{2(ab+1)} \right]$
- 110** $\left(\frac{1}{ab} + \frac{1}{ab^2} - \frac{1}{a^2b} \right) \cdot \frac{a^2b^2 - a^2b + ab^2}{a^2b^2 - a^2 - b^2 + 2ab} - \frac{1}{b}$ $\left[\frac{1-a}{ab} \right]$
- 111** $\left\{ \left[\frac{x^4 - y^4}{x^2 + y^2} : \frac{(x-y)^2}{x^2 - y^2} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2 + 2xy} \right\}^3$ [1]
- 112** $\frac{x+3}{7x - 7x^2 + 42} : \left(\frac{x-3}{x+3} : \frac{x^2 - 6x + 9}{x^2 + 6x + 9} \right)$ $\left[-\frac{1}{7(x+2)} \right]$
- 113** $\left(-\frac{6}{y} + 1 + \frac{9}{y^2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{y^2 - 4y + 3} + \frac{1}{y-3} \right)^2$ $\left[\frac{1}{(y-1)^2} \right]$
- 114** $\left(\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a+b} + \frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 - b^2} \right) \left(\frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + b^2} - 1 \right)$ $\left[-\frac{4b^2}{a^2 - b^2} \right]$
- 115** $x \left(1 + \frac{y+2}{y-2} \right) + a \left(1 - \frac{y+2}{2-y} \right)$ $\left[\frac{2y(a+x)}{y-2} \right]$
- 116** $\left(\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a+b} + \frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 - b^2} \right) : \left(a - b + \frac{a^2 + 3b^2}{a+b} \right)$ $\left[\frac{1}{a-b} \right]$
- 117** $\left(\frac{x+2y}{x-2y} + \frac{x-2y}{x+2y} - \frac{2x^2 + 1 + 4y^2}{x^2 - 4y^2} \right) : \frac{4y^2 + 1 + 4y}{3x^2 - 12y^2}$ $\left[\frac{3(2y-1)}{2y+1} \right]$

118 $\left[\frac{2(4x - 3x^2 - 1)}{1 - 6x + 9x^2} + \frac{3x - 2}{3x - 1} \right] : \frac{x^2}{9x^2 - 1} \cdot \left[x \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3x + 1} - \frac{3x}{9x^2 + 6x + 1} \right) \right]$ $\left[\frac{1}{3x + 1} \right]$

119 $\left[\left(\frac{x - 2}{2 - 5x} + \frac{3x + 1}{x} + \frac{2x^2 - x - 2}{5x^2 - 2x} \right) \left(\frac{2 - 4x}{x} \right)^{-2} - \frac{x}{5x - 2} \right] \cdot \frac{4x^2 - 1}{6x}$ $\left[\frac{2x + 1}{3(5x - 2)} \right]$

120 $\frac{x^3 - 3x^2}{x^2 - 4} \cdot \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 3x} \cdot \frac{x + 2}{x^2 + x} + \left[\frac{2x + y}{x^2 - xy} \cdot \left(\frac{3x}{2x + y} - 1 \right) \right] : \frac{1}{x}$ [2]

121 $\frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 1} : \left(\frac{2}{3x} - \frac{1}{x + 1} \right) \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x + 2} \right) + \left(\frac{y - 2}{yx - y + x - 1} - \frac{y + 2}{yx - y - x + 1} \right) \left(\frac{1}{y} - y \right)$ $\left[\frac{6x}{1 - x} \right]$

122 $\left(\frac{x}{x - y} + \frac{6xy}{x^2 - y^2} \right) : \left(\frac{x}{2x + 2y} - \frac{2x}{3x - 3y} \right) - 1$ [-7]

123 $\left[\left(\frac{3x - 1}{y + 2} \right)^3 : \frac{(9x^2 - 6x + 1)^2}{(y^2 + 3y + 2)^3} + 2y^2 + 2 + 4y \right] : \frac{(y + 1)^2(x - 1)}{6x - 2} - \frac{2(6x - 1)}{x - 1}$ $\left[\frac{2y}{x - 1} \right]$

124 $\left[\left(\frac{x^2 - 8x + 18}{x^2 - 6x + 8} - \frac{1}{x - 4} \right) : \frac{3ax - 15a}{xy^2 + y} - \frac{y\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 2y\right)}{3ax - 6a} \right] \cdot \left(\frac{2a}{2y - 1} \right)^2 - \frac{ay}{6y - 3}$ $\left[\frac{ay}{3(2y - 1)} \right]$

125 $\left[\left(\frac{x+2}{a-1} \right)^3 : \frac{x^2 + 4 + 4x}{a^3 - a^2 - a + 1} - 2x - 4 \right] \left[\frac{x+1}{3x^2 + 7x + 2} \cdot \left(a - \frac{a - 2ax}{x+2} \right) \cdot \frac{x^2 - 4}{ax + a} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{2 - x}$ $\left[\frac{a - 3}{a - 1} \right]$

126 $\left[\left(\frac{x+1}{x^2 - 16} \right)^{-1} - \frac{5x^2 - 4 + x^3}{x^2 + 5x + 4} \right] : \left(-\frac{2}{x+4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{x+6} - \frac{2}{x+10} \right) + \frac{x}{2x+2}$ $\left[-\frac{1}{x+1} \right]$

127 $\left[\left(\frac{a^2 + b^2}{2ab} + 1 \right)^2 : \frac{a+b}{a^2 - 3ab - 4b^2} \right] \cdot \left(-\frac{2ab}{a+b} \right)^3 - 2ab(4b - a)(a + b)$ [0]

128 $\left[\frac{x - 4y}{15x^2 - 43xy + 30y^2} \cdot \left(\frac{8}{7} - \frac{y}{2x - y} + \frac{x}{x - 4y} \right) - \frac{y}{4x^2 - y^2} \right] \cdot (14x + 7y)$ $\left[\frac{4x - 5y}{2x - y} \right]$

129 $\left(\frac{3a}{a^2 + y} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{4a + 2 + y}{a^3 + ay} \right) : \frac{a^2 + 3a + 2}{a^3} - 2 - \frac{4a}{a^3 + ay + 2a^2 + 2y} + \frac{2a}{a^2 + y}$ $\left[-\frac{2y}{a^2 + y} \right]$

130 $\left[\frac{2x^3}{(x+2)^3} + \frac{12ax^2 + 24ax + 16a}{(ax+2a)(x^2 + 4x + 4)} \right] \cdot \frac{x^2 + x}{x^2 - 4xy - 5y^2} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{y}{x} \right) - \frac{2}{x - 5y}$ $\left[\frac{2x}{x - 5y} \right]$

131 $\left[\left(\frac{a}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{a}{a^2 + b^2} \right) : \frac{2a}{a^3 - a^2b + ab^2 - b^3} - \frac{a^2}{a + b} \right] - \frac{b^2}{a + b}$ $\left[-\frac{a^2}{a + b} \right]$